Guidelines for completing the form "Investigation of a Foodborne Outbreak" Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch, DBMD, CDC November 20, 2000

1. Location of Exposure

Provide two-letter postal code of the state, and the full name of the county in which <u>exposure</u> took place. If exposure took place in multiple states or counties (such as with a commercial product), check the box provided and list other states or counties in the Comments section at the bottom of page 1.

2. Dates

Indicate date that first known case patient became ill, and date that the first and last known exposure took place. If available, please send a copy of the epidemic curve along with this report form.

3. Numbers Exposed in Your Jurisdiction

Provide number of laboratory-confirmed cases and number of presumptive cases. If applicable, also provide an estimate of the total number of ill persons if you suspect that this number exceeds the sum of the laboratory-confirmed and presumptive cases.

4. Approximate Percentage of Total Cases in Each Age Group

This item seeks to identify unique patterns of age distribution for the outbreak, as well as to identify age groups most affected. Indicate the approximate percentage of all cases (lab-confirmed and presumptive) in the various age groups listed. Total should equal 100%.

5. Sex

Estimate the percentage of males and females, using all cases (laboratory-confirmed and presumptive combined). Total should equal 100%.

6. Investigation Methods

Check off all boxes that describe the methods used to investigate this outbreak.

7. *Implicated Food(s)*

List the food item(s) implicated as a result of the investigation. Response to this question should match response to Item 15 on page 3, and should be based on one of the <u>Reasons Suspected</u> given in Item 15.

8. Etiology

- A. Identify the bacterium, virus, parasite, or toxin responsible for the outbreak. Please give as much detail as you have about the organism or toxin.
- B. Check the box to indicate whether the etiology is confirmed or suspected. "Confirmed" means that the criteria for confirmation of that etiology have been met. (Please visit our website at http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/outbreak/guide_fd.htm or see MMWR 2000 / Vol. 49 / ss-1 / Appendix B for confirmation criteria...).
- C. If more than one etiology was identified, please describe in the Comments section at the bottom of page 1.
- D. Check off all boxes that correspond to the specimen(s) from which the etiologic agent was

isolated or identified.

9. Contributing Factors

- A. Factors that contribute to the occurrence of outbreaks are classified according to contamination, survival, and proliferation. A factor should be checked only if the investigator has strong evidence that it actually occurred in this outbreak; just because a factor has been cited in similar outbreaks in the past does not mean it was involved in this outbreak. Contamination factors relate to how the agent got onto or into the food vehicle. Proliferation factors relate to how microbial agents were able to increase in numbers and/or produce toxic products prior to the vehicle being ingested. Survival factors refer to processes or steps that should have eliminated or reduced the agent but did not for the reason listed. Explanations and examples of the codes are provided on page 2 of the form. If the choice of "other" is made for any of the factors, please describe in the Comments section at the bottom of page 1.
- B. If one or more food workers are implicated as the source of contamination, please indicate what evidence was used to support this conclusion. The choice of "prior experience makes this the likely source" is provided for situations when conclusive laboratory and epidemiologic evidence is absent, but other factors may prompt the investigator to suspect the food worker(s). If a food worker is implicated in the absence of laboratory and/or epidemiologic evidence, please explain in the Comments section at the bottom of page 1.

10. Agency reporting this outbreak

Indicate the agency reporting the outbreak and the relevant information for the person to contact with questions regarding the outbreak investigation. Provide today's date, and indicate whether this is the initial report of the outbreak investigation, or an update to a prior report.

11. Numbers

For each outcome listed, provide the number of patients with the outcome, and the total number of patients for whom you have such outcome information available. If applicable, list other outcomes (and the relevant numbers) in the blank spaces provided. A list of possible outcomes is provided to the right of the table.

12. Incubation Period

Indicate the shortest, longest, and median incubation period, and indicate whether each period is measured in hours or days.

13. Duration of Acute Illness Among Those Who Recovered

Indicate the shortest, longest, and median duration of acute illness among those who recovered. Indicate whether each period is measured in hours or days.

14. If Cohort Investigation Conducted

For cohort investigations only, report the attack rate. The formula is provided to aid in keeping our definition of attack rates consistent across investigations.

15. *Implicated Food(s)*

Foods implicated in outbreaks may contain multiple ingredients, while often only one of these ingredients is the actual source of the etiologic agent. When possible, identification of an implicated ingredient(s) provide a basis for identifying ingredients that may be involved in other outbreaks. Please list the name of the food, the main ingredients, the contaminated ingredient, and the reason(s) for suspecting that the particular ingredient(s) was contaminated. Indicate method of preparation using list of codes found on page 2 of the form.

16. Where was Food Prepared?

Indicate where food was prepared. Check all applicable boxes.

17. Where was Food Eaten?

Indicate where suspected/implicated food was eaten. Check all applicable boxes.

18. Other Available Information

Indicate what other sources of information are available for this outbreak. References should be cited for published papers.

19. Remarks

Describe other important aspects of the outbreak that may not have been reported elsewhere in the form.

State health departments should fax form to the Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch, CDC, at 404-639-2205, or mail to: FBO Reporting, Foodborne and Diarrheal Diseases Branch, CDC Mail Stop A-38, 1600 Clifton Road, Atlanta, GA, 30333.